

Scott County, Iowa

Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) Report



For additional information about this report, CONTACT:

Name	Organization	Phone	Email
Tiffany Tjepkes	Scott County Health Department	563-326-8618	tiffany.tjepkes@scottcountyiowa.com

Date Revised: May 30, 2019

Priority Community Health Issue / Significant Health Need	Rationale	Is this priority in the HIP/Implementation strategy?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP/Implementation strategy, reason(s) why:
1 Mental health	<p>According to the 2018 Quad Cities Community Health Assessment's household survey by Professional Research Consultants, Inc. (PRC):</p> <p>17.6% of respondents surveyed reported experiencing "fair" or "poor" mental health; this significantly higher than the national average of 13.0%.</p> <p>Of respondents surveyed, 35.1% reported the ease of obtaining local mental health services as "fair/poor." This number has increased dramatically since 2002 and 2012, when the percentages were at 12.6% and 15.2%. Data from the CHNA noted a negative correlation between decreased age and low rates of the ease of obtaining local mental health services; additionally, women and adults just above the federal poverty level were more likely to give this rating regarding access to mental health services.</p>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

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2 Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Weight	<p>According to the 2018 Quad Cities Community Health Assessment's household survey by Professional Research Consultants, Inc. (PRC):</p> <p>72.3% of respondents surveyed reported being overweight (overweight or obese with a body mass index of 25.0 or higher); this is worse than the Iowa (68.7%), Illinois (65.0%), and US (67.8%) percentages.</p> <p>Only 27.6% of respondents surveyed reported consuming five or more servings of fruits/vegetables per day. This is a significant decrease since 2012 (41.4%).</p> <p>Additionally, of respondents with children, only 45.9% report their child(ren) is physically active for one or more hours per day. This is a dramatic decline from the 2015 survey, where 57.5% of respondents with children reported their child(ren) is physically active for one or more hours per day.</p>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

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3 <input type="text" value="Access to healthcare services"/>	<p>According to the 2018 Quad Cities Community Health Assessment's household survey by Professional Research Consultants, Inc. (PRC):</p> <p>A total of 43.6% of respondents reported experiencing some type of difficulty or delay in obtaining healthcare services in the past year. This is a statistically significant increase since 2012 (33.3%). Women, adults under age 65 and low-income residents more often reported difficulties accessing healthcare services.</p> <p>Additionally, there has been an increase in the barriers to access that respondents are encountering. Those increasing significantly include getting a doctor's appointment, cost of a doctor's visit, inconvenient office hours, cost of prescriptions, finding a doctor, and lack of transportation.</p>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

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4 <input type="text" value="Substance Abuse"/>	<p>According to the 2018 Quad Cities Community Health Assessment's household survey by Professional Research Consultants, Inc. (PRC):</p> <p>22.9% of respondents reported being excessive drinkers. This is higher among men, young adults, and those with higher incomes. This percentage is below the Healthy People 2020 target of 25.4% of lower.</p> <p>Of respondents surveyed, 27.3% reported the ease of obtaining substance abuse services as "fair/poor". This has increased from 13.7% since 2002.</p>	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

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5 Heart Disease & Stroke	<p>According to the 2018 Quad Cities Community Health Assessment's household survey by Professional Research Consultants, Inc. (PRC):</p> <p>Respondents were found to have the following risk factors: 36.6% of respondents reported having high blood pressure; 33.5% of respondents reported having high blood cholesterol. Of note: there was a strong correlation between age and high blood cholesterol, a higher prevalence among higher income adults, and whites report a higher prevalence than Blacks and Hispanics.</p>	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

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Community Health Needs Assessment SNAPSHOT

Priority Community Health Issue / Significant Health Need #1:

Mental health

Priority Community Health Issue / Significant Health Need #2:

Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Weight

Priority Community Health Issue / Significant Health Need #3:

Access to healthcare services

Priority Community Health Issue / Significant Health Need #4:

Substance Abuse

Priority Community Health Issue / Significant Health Need #5:

Heart Disease & Stroke