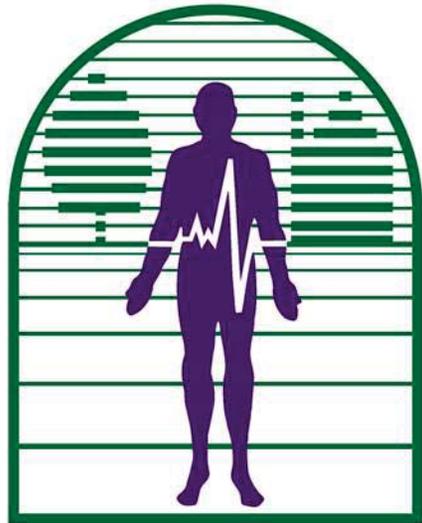


Cerro Gordo County

Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) Report



Cerro Gordo County Department of Public Health

For additional information about this report, CONTACT:

Name	Organization	Phone	Email
Kara Vogelson	Cerro Gordo County Department of Public Health	641-421-9343	kvogelson@cghealth.com

Date Revised: May 13, 2016

Cerro Gordo County

Promote Healthy Living Assessment

includes topics such as addictive behaviors (tobacco, alcohol, drugs, gambling), chronic disease (mental health, cardiovascular disease, cancer, asthma, diabetes, arthritis, etc.), elderly wellness, family planning, infant, child & family health, nutrition and healthy food options, oral health, physical activity, pregnancy & birth, and wellness.

Healthy Living Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:	
1 Overweight/Obesity	According to CDC BRFSS data 36.67% of Cerro Gordo (CG) County adults (18 & older) are overweight; 30.9% are obese. Iowa's overweight & obese rates are lower, respectively at 35.01% and 30.4%. National rates of overweight and obesity are lower than CG County, too at 35.78% and 27.14% respectively.	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Healthy Living Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:	
2 Diabetes (type 2)	According to CDC, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention & Health Promotion data, 9.4% of CG County adults (20 and older) have been told they have diabetes. Iowa's rate is 8.45% & the national rate is 9.11%.	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Healthy Living Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:	
3 Physical Inactivity	In CG County, 26.5% of adults (20 & older) report they have no leisure time for physical activity. Iowa's rate is lower at 24.24% and the national rate is lower yet according to the CDC National Center for Disease Prevention and Health Promotion.	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Healthy Living Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
4 Drug/Substance Use	<p>In CG County, adult heavy alcohol consumption is high. An estimated 21.5% drink excessively; this is one tenth of a percentage higher than the state average, but is over 3% higher than the national average. Iowa Youth Survey (IYS) data indicates that 37.1% of 6th, 8th & 11th grade respondents currently drink alcohol and 23.8% rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (2012). Illicit drug use in Iowa is split into six regions. The North Central region, where Cerro Gordo County is lands in the 7.47-9.56% of persons aged 12 or older who have used illicit drugs in the past month. The North Central and Southeast regions are the highest in the state. IYS data shows that 14.6% of respondents currently use marijuana and 17.4% ever took a prescription drug without a script.</p>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Healthy Living Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
5 Asthma	<p>In CG County, 14.43% of adults (18 & older) report they have asthma. Iowa's rate is 11.2% and the national rate is 13.36%, both lower according to CDC BRFSS. Compounding asthma prevalence is hospitalization data; for all ages, CG County asthma hospitalization and emergency department (ED) visit rates are higher than Iowa's rates. Hospitalization & ED visit rates for a disease may indicate poor control of that disease.</p>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Healthy Living Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
6 Tobacco Use & Emerging similar issues (e-cigarettes, vaping)	<p>The adult (age 18 & older) current smoker prevalence is 19.6% in CG County. Iowa's rate is 18.1% and the U.S. rate is 18.08 according to CDC BRFSS. BRFSS also indicates that the percent of adults who have ever smoked equals 45.83% in CG County; this is also higher than state and national averages. Moreover BRFSS reports that CG County has a lower quit attempt in CG County at 47.1% than the state 56.12% or national 60.02% rates.</p>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Healthy Living Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:	
7 <input type="text" value="Cancer Screening & Incidence"/>	According to the National Cancer Institute SEER, CG County has a high annual incidence of colon/rectum cancer at 57.1 per 100,000. Iowa's annual rate is 48.4 and the U.S.'s is 43.3 per 100,000. Screening rates for colon cancer are low at 55.8% in CG County. Iowa's rate is at 60% and the U.S. rate is at 61.34% according to CDC BRFSS. Other cancers that may not yet have high incidence, have low screening rates including Pap test 77.9% vs. Iowa's rate of 79.5% (BRFSS).	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Healthy Living Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:	
8 <input type="text" value="Heart Disease"/>	CDC BRFSS data indicates that 6.19% of adults in CG County have been told by a health professional that they have heart disease. Iowa's rate is 4.17% and the U.S. rate is 4.4%. CMS data shows that 26.81% of Medicare beneficiaries have heart disease; Iowa's rate is lower at 25.25%. Heart disease is the number one killer in CG County. IDPH mortality data indicates that CG County has had a higher than state average for major cardiovascular disease deaths for at least five years. 2014 data shows a CG County rate of 371.7 per 100,000 rate and Iowa's average is 277.7 per 100,000.	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Healthy Living Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:	
9 <input type="text" value="Adult Oral Health"/>	Although CG County adults are reporting they are visiting a dental clinic annually at a higher rate than the state or nation, CG County adults suffer poor dental health at a higher rate than does Iowa (15.48% vs 14.8%). Poor dental health is defined as six or more permanent teeth removed due to tooth decay, gum disease or infection (BRFSS 2014).	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Cerro Gordo County

Prevent Injuries & Violence Assessment

includes topics such as brain injury, disability, EMS trauma & system development, intentional injuries (violent & abusive behavior, suicide), occupational health & safety, and unintentional injuries (motor vehicle crashes, falls, poisoning, drowning, etc.).

Injuries & Violence Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
1 Child Abuse	The rate of founded child abuse and neglect in CG County has declined from 2009-2013, but the County rate is significantly higher (24.1 vs 17 per 1,000) according to the Annie E. Casey Foundation (2015).	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Injuries & Violence Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
2 Youth mental health (suicide)	IYS (2012) data indicates that 9% of North Iowa 11th graders were prescribed drugs because they felt worthless, nervous or sad. The data also shows that nearly 25% of students felt sad or hopeless, 15% seriously considered attempting suicide and almost 2% tried to commit suicide. Due to the low number of successful teen suicides, data is suppressed in Cerro Gordo County.	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Injuries & Violence Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
3 Older adults safe at home	According to a local survey, of older adults who don't feel safe in their home, the reasons are inability for home maintenance, fear of falling and fear of moving around the home safely.	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Injuries & Violence Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
4 Unintentional Injury	In CG County the unintentional injury rate is 41 per 100,000, higher than Iowa's at 37.83 per 100,000.	No	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/staff <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources There are many categories of injury that fall into the rate; it would be difficult to take a broad approach.

Injuries & Violence Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
5 Domestic Violence	In 2009 in CG County, there were 103 victims of domestic abuse.	No	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Injuries & Violence Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
6 Pedestrian Safety	The pedestrian accident mortality is 2.26 per 100,000 in Cerro Gordo County. Iowa's rate is lower at 0.74%.	No	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Injuries & Violence Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
7 Carbon Monoxide	In CG County, the emergency department visit rate for carbon monoxide poisoning is 19.07 per 100,000. The state rate is 9.54 per 100,000. (IDPH County Health Snapshot 2010-2014).	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Injuries & Violence Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
8 Bullying	Nearly 23% of respondents were bullied on school property and 24.5% were in a physical fight in the last year (IYS 2012).	No	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Cerro Gordo County

Protect Against Environmental Hazards Assessment

includes topics such as drinking water protection, food waste, food safety, fluoridation, hazardous materials, hazardous waste, healthy homes, impaired waterways, lead poisoning, nuisances, on site wastewater systems, radon, radiological health, soil erosion, and vector control.

Environmental Hazards Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
1 Substandard Housing	Approximately 24.5% of occupied housing in Cerro Gordo County is considered substandard due to one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lacking complete plumbing, • Lacking complete kitchen • Having 1.01 or more occupants/room and /or monthly owner or renter costs at greater than 30% of household income 	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Environmental Hazards Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
2 Vector Control	Bed bugs are becoming a large problem nationally and throughout Iowa. Local data is unavailable as to the numbers of sites infested; however, local communication information indicates a growing concern for and inquiry into bed bugs.	No	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Local data is unavailable to track progress <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Environmental Hazards Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
3 Radon	The entire state of Iowa is in zone 1, the highest zone that indicates predicted average indoor radon screening levels greater than the actionable level of 4 picoCuries per liter. Program data indicates that 61% of radon tests in CG County homes were elevated.	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Environmental Hazards Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
4 Water Quality	According to health department and State Hygienic data, less than 1% of private wells (9) exceeded the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for nitrates. The state average is 29%. In CGCounty, 23% tested positive for coliform bacteria; the state average is 29%. Approximately 28% of private wells tested for arsenic in CGCounty exceeded the arsenic maximum contaminant level for public water and there is no state comparative data.	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Environmental Hazards Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
5 Air Quality	In CG County over the past year, 0 days exceeded standards for ozone. However .27% of days exceeded standards for particulate matter 2.5 levels. Iowa's rate is 0.9%.	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other This becomes a legislative issue with other entities responsible for air quality monitoring <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Cerro Gordo County

Prevent Epidemics & the Spread of Disease Assessment

includes topics such as disease investigation, control & surveillance, HIV/AIDS, immunization, reportable diseases, sexually transmitted diseases (STDs), and tuberculosis (TB).

Epidemics & Spread of Disease Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
1 Child/Adolescent Immunizations	<p>In CG County, the 2 year old fully immunized rate is 77%. Iowa's average is 69%.</p> <p>In CG County, the adolescent fully immunized rate is 62% and the state average is 45%.</p> <p>Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccination coverage for CG County females aged 13-15 is at 33%. This is higher than the state level at 27%. Male coverage rates are even lower with Cerro Gordo males at 21% and Iowa males at 15% (IDPH 2015</p>	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Epidemics & Spread of Disease Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
2 Medical/public health communicable disease process standardization		No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Epidemics & Spread of Disease Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
3 Sexually Active Youth not protecting self	<p>According to Iowa Youth Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Survey data, 33% of 6th, 8th & 11th graders are sexually active. Iowa Youth Survey indicates 38.6% do not use a condom to protect themselves.</p>	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Epidemics & Spread of Disease Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
4 Older Adult Immunizations	In CG County, IRIS data indicates that 50% of adults aged 65 and older are properly immunized with pneumococcal vaccine. Only 19% of adults older than 59 are properly immunized zoster (shingles) vaccine.	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Epidemics & Spread of Disease Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
5 Adult Sexually Transmitted Disease	Cerro Gordo County data indicates that there is a shift in adult STD rates.	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Cerro Gordo County

Prepare for, Respond to, & Recover from Public Health Emergencies Assessment

includes topics such as communication networks, emergency planning, emergency response, individual preparedness, recovery planning, risk communication, and surge capacity.

Preparedness Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
1 Individual Preparedness	In a survey conducted by the Cerro Gordo County Department of Public Health, 50.4% of respondents felt they were prepared for a natural or man-made disaster.	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Preparedness Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
2 Special Needs Population Preparedness (care during emergency)		No	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Preparedness Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
3 Patient Surge		No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Preparedness Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
4 Agencies Continuity of Operations		No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Preparedness Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
5 Relocation/Housing During Emergency		No	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Cerro Gordo County

Strengthen the Health Infrastructure Assessment

includes topics such as access to quality health services, community engagement, evaluation, food security, food systems, food and nutrition assistance (SNAP, WIC), health facilities, health insurance, medical care, organizational capacity, planning, quality improvement, social determinants (e.g., education & poverty levels), transportation, and workforce (e.g., primary care, dental, mental health, public health).

Health Infrastructure Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
1 Poverty	In CG County, the overall poverty rate is 13.16% whereas, the state rate is 12.4%. CG County children in poverty is 17.94%, also higher than the state average of 16.11%. (American Community Survey 2015)	No	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other This is such a large topic to address; however, through other priorities, this will be addressed <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Health Infrastructure Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
2 Mental Health Shortage Area	Cerro Gordo County is in a mental health provider shortage area according to HRSA.	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Health Infrastructure Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
3 Food Insecurity	Over 13% of CG County residents struggle with food insecurity; this is higher than the state average. CG County children experience food insecurity at a higher rate than the state 20.7% versus 19.3%.	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Health Infrastructure Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
4 Older Adults with No Assistance to Stay in Home	Local survey data indicated that nearly 10% of respondents didn't have anyone to help them with their needs. The same survey showed that (in descending order) help with housekeeping/yardwork, groceries/errands, finances, transportation, and physical activity opportunities were the top 5 needs to help people age in their homes.	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Health Infrastructure Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
5 Transportation	In CG County, 6.75% or 1,347 households have no motor vehicle in CG County. This is higher than Iowa's rate of 5.8%, but lower than the U.S.'s rate at 9.07%. Of CG County renter-occupied households, 7.15% have no motor vehicle (American Community Survey 2015)	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Health Infrastructure Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:
6 Fast Food Access	In CG County, The rate of fast food restaurant access is 90.6 per 100,000, whereas Iowa's rate is 63.85 per 100,000.	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other _____ This may be addressed in the obesity/overweight priority. <input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Health Infrastructure Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:	
7 Dental Access	Although the dentist to resident ratio is adequate, often adults experience barriers to care like being uninsured or provider non-acceptance of insurances.	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Health Infrastructure Community Priority	Rationale / Specific Need	Is this priority in the HIP?	If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why:	
8 Strengthen Community Partnerships	<p>Although Cerro Gordo County organizations do a fantastic job of working together as needed, there needs to a higher level of collaboration and inclusion of community in decision making. The groups need to set and work toward shared goals.</p> <p>Throughout many of the priorities listed in this document, lifestyle change is the resounding need to address poor outcomes. Working together we can address this more effectively and efficiently. Moreover, the CG Health Department is not PHAB accredited, but is certain this will strengthen our role in the public health system as well as being a better community partner.</p>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> Other priorities rated higher <input type="checkbox"/> Existing programs already address problem/need <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of human resources/ staff <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Community partners do not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lead organization does not exist <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of financial resources

Cerro Gordo County

MAY 13, 2016

COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT SNAPSHOT



Promote Healthy Living

- Priority #1 Overweight/Obesity
- Priority #2 Diabetes (type 2)
- Priority #3 Physical Inactivity
- Priority #4 Drug/Substance Use
- Priority #5 Asthma
- Priority #6 Tobacco Use & Emerging similar issues (e-cigarettes, vaping)
- Priority #7 Cancer Screening & Incidence
- Priority #8 Heart Disease
- Priority #9 Adult Oral Health



Prevent Injuries & Violence

- Priority #1 Child Abuse
- Priority #2 Youth mental health (suicide)
- Priority #3 Older adults safe at home
- Priority #4 Unintentional Injury
- Priority #5 Domestic Violence
- Priority #6 Pedestrian Safety
- Priority #7 Carbon Monoxide
- Priority #8 Bullying



Protect Against Environmental Hazards

- Priority #1 Substandard Housing
- Priority #2 Vector Control
- Priority #3 Radon
- Priority #4 Water Quality
- Priority #5 Air Quality



Prevent Epidemics & the Spread of Disease

- Priority #1 Child/Adolescent Immunizations
- Priority #2 Medical/public health communicable disease process standardization
- Priority #3 Sexually Active Youth not protecting self
- Priority #4 Older Adult Immunizations
- Priority #5 Adult Sexually Transmitted Disease



Prepare for, Respond to, & Recover from Public Health Emergencies

- Priority #1 Individual Preparedness
- Priority #2 Special Needs Population Preparedness (care during emergency)
- Priority #3 Patient Surge
- Priority #4 Agencies Continuity of Operations
- Priority #5 Relocation/Housing During Emergency



Strengthen the Health Infrastructure

- Priority #1 Poverty
- Priority #2 Mental Health Shortage Area
- Priority #3 Food Insecurity
- Priority #4 Older Adults with No Assistance to Stay in Home
- Priority #5 Transportation
- Priority #6 Fast Food Access
- Priority #7 Dental Access
- Priority #8 Strengthen Community Partnerships